

**REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE
LOGAN COUNTY
SHERIFF**

**For The Year Ended
December 31, 2010**



**CRIT LUALLEN
AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS
www.auditor.ky.gov**

**209 ST. CLAIR STREET
FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817
TELEPHONE (502) 564-5841
FACSIMILE (502) 564-2912**

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE LOGAN COUNTY SHERIFF

**For The Year Ended
December 31, 2010**

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the Logan County Sheriff's audit for the year ended December 31, 2010. Based upon the audit work performed, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting.

Financial Condition:

Excess fees increased by \$26,140 from the prior year, resulting in excess fees of \$666,523 as of December 31, 2010. Revenues increased by \$32,232 from the prior year and expenditures increased by \$6,092.

Report Comments:

- 2010-01 The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties Over Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, And Bank Reconciliations
- 2010-02 The Sheriff's Office Should Perform Complete Reconciliations Of Accounts
- 2010-03 Accurate And Detailed Receipts And Disbursements Ledgers Should Be Maintained For The Drug And Federal Drug Accounts

Deposits:

The Sheriff's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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CRIT LUALLEN
AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Logan Chick, Logan County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Wallace Whittaker, Logan County Sheriff
Members of the Logan County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees - regulatory basis of the Sheriff of Logan County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2010. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Sheriff. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for County Fee Officials issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the Sheriff's office prepares the financial statement on a regulatory basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees of the Sheriff for the year ended December 31, 2010, in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 25, 2011 on our consideration of the Logan County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



The Honorable Logan Chick, Logan County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Wallace Whittaker, Logan County Sheriff
Members of the Logan County Fiscal Court

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying comments and recommendations, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

- 2010-01 The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties Over Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, And Bank Reconciliations
- 2010-02 The Sheriff's Office Should Perform Complete Reconciliations Of Accounts
- 2010-03 Accurate And Detailed Receipts And Disbursements Ledgers Should Be Maintained For The Drug And Federal Drug Accounts

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Sheriff and Fiscal Court of Logan County, Kentucky, and the Commonwealth of Kentucky and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these interested parties.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Crit Luallen", written in a cursive style.

Crit Luallen
Auditor of Public Accounts

May 25, 2011

LOGAN COUNTY
WALLACE WHITTAKER, SHERIFF
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2010

Revenues

State Fees For Services:

Finance and Administration Cabinet	\$ 99,513	
Sheriff Security Service	<u>21,890</u>	\$ 121,403

Circuit Court Clerk:

Fines and Fees Collected	22,498	
Court Ordered Payments	<u>6,536</u>	29,034

Fiscal Court		89,718
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County Clerk - Delinquent Taxes		19,402
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Commission On Taxes Collected		355,038
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Fees Collected For Services:

Auto Inspections	10,310	
Accident and Police Reports	815	
Serving Papers	62,450	
Carrying Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits	4,290	
Transporting Mentally Disabled Persons	1,096	
Sheriff's Add On Fees	47,562	
Fiscal Court Filing Fee	<u>15,270</u>	141,793

Other:

Miscellaneous		764
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Interest Earned		<u>572</u>
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Total Revenues		757,724
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

LOGAN COUNTY
WALLACE WHITTAKER, SHERIFF
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2010
(Continued)

Expenditures

Operating Expenditures:

Other Charges-

Postage	\$	5,867
Refunds		150
Miscellaneous		20
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Total Expenditures	\$	6,037
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Net Revenues	751,687
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Less: Statutory Maximum	81,540
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Excess Fees	670,147
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Less: Training Incentive Benefit	3,624
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Excess Fees Due County for 2010	666,523
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Payments to Fiscal Court - Monthly	666,523
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Balance Due Fiscal Court at Completion of Audit	\$	0
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

LOGAN COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2010

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of revenues over expenditures to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount, including excess fees, due from the Sheriff as determined by the audit. KRS 134.310 requires the Sheriff to settle excess fees with the fiscal court at the time he files his final settlement with the fiscal court.

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this regulatory basis of accounting revenues and expenditures are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive) at December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2010 services
- Reimbursements for 2010 activities
- Tax commissions due from December tax collections
- Payments due other governmental entities for payroll
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2010

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the County Treasurer in the subsequent year.

C. Cash and Investments

At the direction of the fiscal court, KRS 66.480 authorizes the Sheriff's office to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

LOGAN COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT
December 31, 2010
(Continued)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Fee Pooling

The Logan County Sheriff participates in a fee pooling system with the Fiscal Court. Fee officials who are required to participate in fee pooling deposit all funds collected into their official operating account. The fee official is responsible for paying all amounts due to the taxing districts. Residual funds are then paid to the County Treasurer on a monthly basis. Invoices are submitted to the County Treasurer to document operating expenses. The County Treasurer pays almost all operating expenses for the fee official.

Note 2. Employee Retirement System

The county official and employees have elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 16.16 percent for the first six months and 16.93 percent for the last six months.

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 9 percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: 8% will go to the member's account and 1% will go to the KRS insurance fund. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 32.97 percent for the first six months and 33.25 percent for the last six months.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

LOGAN COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT
December 31, 2010
(Continued)

Note 3. Deposits

The Logan County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the Sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the Sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The Logan County Sheriff does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of December 31, 2010, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 4. Drug Account

The Logan County Sheriff's office maintains a Drug Account that is used for the purpose of drug enforcement. The beginning balance in this fund was \$62,619. Receipts totaled \$61,516 and expenditures totaled \$36,426. The total fund balance was \$87,709 as of December 31, 2010.

Note 5. Federal Drug Account

The Simpson County Sheriff's office maintains a Federal Drug Account that is used for the purpose of drug enforcement. The beginning balance in this fund was \$42,643. Receipts totaled \$34 and expenditures totaled \$40,900. The total fund balance was \$1,777 as of December 31, 2010.

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL
STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



CRIT LUALLEN
AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Logan Chick, Logan County Judge/Executive
The Honorable Wallace Whittaker, Logan County Sheriff
Members of the Logan County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And
On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial
Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees - regulatory basis of the Logan County Sheriff for the year ended December 31, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated May 25, 2011. The Sheriff's financial statement is prepared in accordance with a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Logan County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying comments and recommendations, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying comments and recommendations as items 2010-01, 2010-02, and 2010-03 to be material weaknesses.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And
On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial
Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards
(Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Logan County Sheriff's financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2010, is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and which are described in the accompanying comments and recommendations. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Logan County Fiscal Court, and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Crit Luallen', with a stylized, flowing script.

Crit Luallen
Auditor of Public Accounts

May 25, 2011

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

LOGAN COUNTY
WALLACE WHITTAKER, SHERIFF
COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2010

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESSES:

2010-01 The Sheriff's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties Over Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, And Bank Reconciliations

Our review and evaluation of the Sheriff's internal controls disclosed a lack of adequate segregation of duties. The bookkeeper collects receipts for the office in addition to preparing deposits, daily checkout sheets, bank reconciliations, as well as preparing, signing, and mailing checks. Good internal controls dictate that the collection of receipts, disbursing of cash, purchasing authority, recording of transactions, and bank reconciling duties be segregated. Documented compensating controls were not in place to offset this control deficiency. We make the following recommendations to implement compensating controls:

The Sheriff or another employee who does not have access to bookkeeping records, cash receipts, cash disbursements, bank records or statements should periodically:

- Examine the daily checkout sheet and agree to the deposit ticket, cash receipts ledger and bank statement. Documentation may be evidenced by the reviewer initialing the aforementioned records noted.
- Compare the receipts and disbursements ledger to the monthly and quarterly reports and document comparisons.
- Review all checks written and compare to invoices, evidencing approval of invoice and checks by initialing document or some other method.
- Monthly bank reconciliations should be reviewed and the review should be documented.
- Perform occasional surprise cash counts.

Any compensating control implemented should be documented.

Sheriff's Response: None.

2010-02 The Sheriff's Office Should Perform Complete Reconciliations Of Accounts

During our audit, we observed that incomplete bank reconciliations were being performed. The Sheriff's office was performing bank reconciliations by comparing deposits to ledgers and noting on the ledgers any differences. These reconciliations were not consistently completed for each month. The auditors observed no reconciliations of disbursements. Reconciliations should be performed by taking the balance per the bank statement, subtracting out prior period activity, and adding in items not yet processed by the bank to reconcile to the balance recorded on the ledgers. Failure to reconcile accounts could result in misstatements in the financial statements. Complete reconciliations should be performed to ensure all amounts are recorded properly.

Sheriff's Response: None.

LOGAN COUNTY
WALLACE WHITTAKER, SHERIFF
COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
For The Year Ended December 31, 2010
(Continued)

INTERNAL CONTROL - MATERIAL WEAKNESSES (Continued):

2010-03 Accurate And Detailed Receipts And Disbursements Ledgers Should Be Maintained For
The Drug And Federal Drug Accounts

During our audit, we noted that the Sheriff's office does not maintain receipts and disbursements ledgers for the Drug and Federal Drug Accounts. Instead, the Sheriff's office maintains a receipt book and records checks in a checkbook. When the auditor reviewed the receipt book, it was observed that the receipt book did not have receipts recorded for all drug deposits observed on bank statements. Drug and Federal Drug receipts and disbursements were not posted to a ledger, and were not reconciled to bank statements. Receipts and disbursements ledgers should be maintained to ensure all drug account activity is recorded and reconciled to bank statements.

Sheriff's Response: None.

